# **ITW Polymers & Fluids**

Chemwatch: **5066-47** Version No: **12.1** 

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: **10/03/2023** Print Date: **14/03/2024** S.GHS.AUS.EN

# SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

#### **Product Identifier**

| Product name                     | Permatex Plastic Tank Repair Kit Part 1  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Chemical Name                    | bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid  |  |
| Synonyms                         | PX09100  |  |
| Proper shipping name             | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid) |  |
| Chemical formula                 | Not Applicable   |  |
| Other means of<br>identification | Not Available  |  |

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

|                          | Base or part A of a two-part expoxy based system for repairing plastic tanks.<br>Use according to manufacturer's directions.   |
|--------------------------|--|
| Relevant identified uses | Requires that the two parts be mixed by hand or mixer before use, in accordance with manufacturers directions. Mix only as much as is required. <b>Do not</b> return the mixed material to the original containers |

#### Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | ITW Polymers & Fluids                      | ITW Polymers & Fluids NZ                 |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Address                 | 100 Hassall New South Wales 2164 Australia | Unit 2/38 Trugood Drive 2013 New Zealand |
| Telephone               | +61 2 9757 8800                            | +64 9272 1940                            |
| Fax                     | Not Available                              | Not Available                            |
| Website                 | Not Available                              | Not Available                            |
| Email                   | orders@itwpf.com.au                        | info@aamtech.co.nz                       |

#### **Emergency telephone number**

| Association / Organisation        | Chemwatch       | CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Emergency telephone<br>numbers    | 1800 951 288    | +61 1800 951 288                    |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | +61 2 9186 1132 | +61 3 9573 3188                     |

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

#### **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

#### HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

| Poisons Schedule   | S5   |
|--------------------|--|
| Classification [1] | Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A                   |
| Legend:            | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 -<br>Annex VI |

| Hazard pictogram(s) |         |
|---------------------|---------|
| Signal word         | Warning |

## Hazard statement(s)

| H315 | Causes skin irritation.              |
|------|--------------------------------------|
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.       |

## Precautionary statement(s) General

| P101 | If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |  |
|------|---|--|
| P102 | Keep out of reach of children.  |  |
| P103 | Read carefully and follow all instructions.                           |  |

# Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

| P280 | P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection. |  |
|------|---|--|
| P261 | Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.   |  |
| P264 | Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.                       |  |
| P272 | Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.                |  |

# Precautionary statement(s) Response

| P302+P352      | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.  |  |
|----------------|--|--|
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |  |
| P333+P313      | If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.   |  |
| P337+P313      | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  |  |

# Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501

Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

# **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### **Mixtures**

| CAS No     | %[weight]  | Name  |
|------------|--|---|
| 25068-38-6 | >95  | bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid |
| Legend:    | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 -<br>Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available |   |

# **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

#### Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact | <ul> <li>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</li> <li>Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> </ul> |
|-------------|--|
|-------------|--|

|              | Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.   |
|--------------|---|
| Skin Contact | <ul> <li>If skin contact occurs:</li> <li>Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.</li> <li>Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>   |
| Inhalation   | <ul> <li>If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested.</li> <li>Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures.</li> <li>Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.</li> <li>Transport to hospital, or doctor.</li> </ul>   |
| Ingestion    | <ul> <li>For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once.</li> <li>Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed.</li> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.</li> </ul> |

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

- Water spray or fog.
- Alcohol stable foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- Carbon dioxide.

#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| Fire Incompatibility    | Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may<br>result   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Advice for firefighters |   |
| Fire Fighting           | <ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.</li> <li>Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.</li> </ul>   |
| Fire/Explosion Hazard   | <ul> <li>Combustible.</li> <li>Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.</li> <li>Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.</li> <li>On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).</li> <li>Combustion products include:</li> <li>carbon dioxide (CO2)</li> <li>aldehydes</li> <li>other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.</li> <li>May emit poisonous fumes.</li> <li>May emit corrosive fumes.</li> </ul> |
| HAZCHEM                 | •3Z   |

## **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

| Minor Spills | <ul> <li>Remove all ignition sources.</li> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li> </ul> |  |
|--------------|--|--|
| Major Spills | <ul> <li>Moderate hazard.</li> <li>Clear area of personnel and move upwind.</li> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> </ul>                        |  |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

## Precautions for safe handling

| <ul> <li>Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.</li> <li>DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin</li> </ul> |   |
|--|---|
| Other information  | <ul> <li>Store in original containers.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> <li>No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.</li> <li>Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.</li> </ul> |

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Suitable container      | <ul> <li>Metal can or drum</li> <li>Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.</li> <li>Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.</li> </ul>  |
|-------------------------|---|
| Storage incompatibility | <ul> <li>Avoid cross contamination between the two liquid parts of product (kit).</li> <li>If two part products are mixed or allowed to mix in proportions other than manufacturer's recommendation, polymerisation with gelation and evolution of heat (exotherm) may occur.</li> <li>This excess heat may generate toxic vapour</li> <li>Avoid reaction with amines, mercaptans, strong acids and oxidising agents</li> </ul> |

## **SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection**

## **Control parameters**

# Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

### INGREDIENT DATA

#### Not Available

## Emergency Limits

| Ingredient                                  | TEEL-1        | TEEL-2    |               | TEEL-3      |
|---|---------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|
| bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid | 90 mg/m3      | 990 mg/m3 |               | 5,900 mg/m3 |
| Ingredient                                  | Original IDLH |           | Revised IDLH  |             |
| bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid | Not Available |           | Not Available |             |

## Occupational Exposure Banding

| Ingredient                                  | Occupational Exposure Band Rating  | Occupational Exposure Band Limit |
|---|--|----------------------------------|
| bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid | E  | ≤ 0.1 ppm                        |
| Notes:                                      | Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health. |                                  |

#### **Exposure controls**

| Appropriate engineering | General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. |
|-------------------------|--|
|-------------------------|--|

Continued...

## Permatex Plastic Tank Repair Kit Part 1

| controls   | Refer also to protective measures for the other component used with the product. Read both SDS before using; store and attach SDS together.   |
|--|---|
| Individual protection<br>measures, such as<br>personal protective<br>equipment |   |
| Eye and face protection  | <ul> <li>Safety glasses with side shields.</li> <li>Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent]</li> <li>Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.</li> </ul>   |
| Skin protection  | See Hand protection below   |
| Hands/feet protection  | <ul> <li>When handling liquid-grade epoxy resins wear chemically protective gloves , boots and aprons.</li> <li>The performance, based on breakthrough times ,of: <ul> <li>Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol (EVAL laminate) is generally excellent</li> <li>Butyl Rubber ranges from excellent to good</li> <li>Nitrile Butyl Rubber (NBR) from excellent to fair.</li> <li>Neoprene from excellent to fair</li> <li>Polyvinyl (PVC) from excellent to poor</li> <li>As defined in ASTM F-739-96</li> <li>Excellent breakthrough time &gt; 480 min</li> <li>Good breakthrough time &gt; 20 min</li> <li>Fair breakthrough time &lt; 20 min</li> <li>Poor glove material degradation</li> <li>Gloves should be tested against each resin system prior to making a selection of the most suitable type. Systems include both the resin and any hardener, individually and collectively)</li> <li>Do NOT use cotton or leather (which absorb and concentrate the resin), natural rubber (latex), medical or polyethylene gloves (which absorb the resin).</li> <li>Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber</li> </ul> </li> <li>NOTE: <ul> <li>The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and othe protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact.</li> <li>Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| Body protection  | See Other protection below  |
| Other protection   | <ul> <li>Overalls.</li> <li>P.V.C apron.</li> <li>Barrier cream.</li> <li>Skin cleansing cream.</li> </ul>  |

## **Respiratory protection**

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

# **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance                                      | Black viscous combustible liquid with a mild odour; immiscible with water. The product may contain very low levels of residual epichlorohydrin. |  |                |
|---|---|--|----------------|
| Physical state                                  | Liquid  | Relative density (Water = 1)               | 1.17           |
| Odour   | Not Available   | Partition coefficient<br>n-octanol / water | Not Available  |
| Odour threshold                                 | Not Available   | Auto-ignition temperature<br>(°C)          | Not Available  |
| pH (as supplied)                                | Not Applicable  | Decomposition<br>temperature (°C)          | Not Available  |
| Melting point / freezing<br>point (°C)          | Not Available   | Viscosity (cSt)                            | Not Available  |
| Initial boiling point and<br>boiling range (°C) | >260  | Molecular weight (g/mol)                   | Not Applicable |
| Flash point (°C)                                | 249 (PMCC)  | Taste                                      | Not Available  |
| Evaporation rate                                | Not Available   | Explosive properties                       | Not Available  |
| Flammability                                    | Not Applicable  | Oxidising properties                       | Not Available  |

| Upper Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Surface Tension (dyn/cm<br>or mN/m) | Not Available  |
|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Lower Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Volatile Component (%vol)           | VOC = None     |
| Vapour pressure (kPa)     | Negligible     | Gas group                           | Not Available  |
| Solubility in water       | Immiscible     | pH as a solution (1%)               | Not Applicable |
| Vapour density (Air = 1)  | Not Available  | VOC g/L                             | Not Available  |

# **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

| Reactivity                         | See section 7  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability                 | <ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul> |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7  |
| Conditions to avoid                | See section 7  |
| Incompatible materials             | See section 7  |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | See section 5  |

# **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

| Inhaled                                      | Inhalation of aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may be harmful.<br>There is some evidence to suggest that the material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to<br>such irritation can cause further lung damage.  |                             |  |
|--|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Ingestion                                    | Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.<br>Ingestion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting  |                             |  |
| Skin Contact                                 | Skin contact with the material may be harmful; systemic effects may result following absorption.<br>This material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons.<br>The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition<br>Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.<br>Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.               |                             |  |
| Eye  | This material may produce eye irritation in some persons and produce eye damage 24 hours or more after instillation. Moderate inflammation may be expected with redness; conjunctivitis may occur with prolonged exposure.  |                             |  |
| Chronic                                      | There is some evidence that inhaling this product is more likely to cause a sensitisation reaction in some persons compared to the general population.<br>Skin contact with the material is more likely to cause a sensitisation reaction in some persons compared to the general population.<br>Sensitisation may give severe responses to very low levels of exposure, i.e. hypersensitivity.<br>Sensitisation may result in allergic dermatitis responses including rash, itching, hives or swelling of extremities. |                             |  |
|  |   |                             |  |
|  | τοχιζιτγ  | IRRITATION                  |  |
| Permatex Plastic Tank                        | TOXICITY<br>Dermal (rat)   D50: >20ml/kg * <sup>[2]</sup>   | IRRITATION<br>Not Available |  |
| Permatex Plastic Tank<br>Repair Kit Part 1   | TOXICITY           Dermal (rat) LD50: >20ml/kg *[2]           Oral (rat) LD50: 11400 mg/kg *[2]   | IRRITATION<br>Not Available |  |
|  | Dermal (rat) LD50: >20ml/kg * <sup>[2]</sup>  |                             |  |
| Repair Kit Part 1<br>bisphenol A/ diglycidyl | Dermal (rat) LD50: >20ml/kg * <sup>[2]</sup><br>Oral (rat) LD50: 11400 mg/kg * <sup>[2]</sup>   | Not Available               |  |
| Repair Kit Part 1                            | Dermal (rat) LD50: >20ml/kg * <sup>[2]</sup><br>Oral (rat) LD50: 11400 mg/kg * <sup>[2]</sup><br>TOXICITY   | Not Available IRRITATION    |  |

| Permatex Plastic Tank<br>Repair Kit Part 1        | CAUTION: Epoxy resin products may contain sensitising glycidyl ethers.  |
|---|---|
| BISPHENOL A/<br>DIGLYCIDYL ETHER<br>RESIN, LIQUID | Foetoxicity has been observed in animal studies Oral (rabbit, female) NOEL 180 mg/kg (teratogenicity; NOEL (maternal 60 mg/kg<br>The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product.<br>Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The<br>pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic |

Continued...

| Consumer exposure: Comsumer exposure to BADGE is almost exclusively from migration of BADGE from can coatings into | skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions.<br>The chemical structure of hydroxylated diphenylalkanes or bisphenols consists of two phenolic rings joined together through a<br>bridging carbon. This class of endocrine disruptors that mimic oestrogens is widely used in industry, particularly in plastics.<br>Bisphenol A (BPA) and some related compounds exhibit oestrogenic activity in human breast cancer cell line MCF-7, but there<br>were remarkable differences in activity. Several derivatives of BPA exhibited significant thyroid hormonal activity towards rat<br>pituitary cell line GH3, which releases growth hormone in a thyroid hormone-dependent manner. However, BPA and several other<br>derivatives did not show such activity.<br>The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3:<br><b>NOT</b> classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.<br>Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited in animal testing.<br>Animal testing over 13 weeks showed bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (BADGE) caused mild to moderate, chronic, inflammation of<br>the skin.<br>Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Animal testing showed BADGE given over several months caused reduction in body<br>weight but had no reproductive effects.<br>Cancer-causing potential: It has been concluded that bisphenol A diglycidyl ether cannot be classified with respect to its cancer-<br>causing potential in humans.<br>Genetic toxicity: Laboratory tests on genetic toxicity of BADGE have so far been negative.<br>Immunotoxicity: Animal testing suggests regular injections of diluted BADGE may result in sensitization.<br>Consumer exposure: Comsumer exposure to BADGE is almost exclusively from migration of BADGE from can coatings into |
|--|---|
| food. Testing has not found any evidence of hormonal disruption.   | <br>food. Testing has not found any evidence of hormonal disruption.  |

| Acute Toxicity                       | ×    | Carcinogenicity                  | ×   |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|---|
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion            | ✓    | Reproductivity                   | ×   |
| Serious Eye<br>Damage/Irritation     | *    | STOT - Single Exposure           | ×   |
| Respiratory or Skin<br>sensitisation | *    | STOT - Repeated Exposure         | ×   |
| Mutagenicity                         | ×    | Aspiration Hazard                | ×   |
|                                      | Lege | end: 🛛 🗙 – Data either not avail | able or does not fill the criteria for classification |

Legend:

Data available to make classification

## **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

#### Toxicity

| Endpoint         | Test Duration (hr)                           | Species  | Value   | Source  |
|------------------|--|--|---|---|
| Not<br>Available | Not Available                                | Not Available  | Not<br>Available  | Not<br>Available  |
| Endpoint         | Test Duration (hr)                           | Species  | Value   | Source  |
| EC50             | 48h  | Crustacea  | ~2mg/l  | 2   |
| LC50             | 96h  | Fish   | 2.4mg/l   | Not<br>Available  |
| EC50(ECx)        | 24h  | Crustacea  | 3mg/l   | Not<br>Available  |
|                  | Not<br>Available<br>Endpoint<br>EC50<br>LC50 | Not<br>Available     Not Available       Endpoint     Test Duration (hr)       EC50     48h       LC50     96h | Not<br>Available     Not Available     Not Available       Endpoint     Test Duration (hr)     Species       EC50     48h     Crustacea       LC50     96h     Fish | Not<br>Available     Not Available     Not Available     Not<br>Available       Endpoint     Test Duration (hr)     Species     Value       EC50     48h     Crustacea     ~2mg/l       LC50     96h     Fish     2.4mg/l |

Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Toxic to aquatic organisms.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters.

Wastes resulting from use of the product must be disposed of on site or at approved waste sites.

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

## Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient                                  | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
|---|-------------------------|------------------|
| bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid | HIGH                    | HIGH             |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient

| Ingredient                                  | Bioaccumulation       |
|---|-----------------------|
| bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid | LOW (LogKOW = 2.6835) |

# Mobility in soil

| Ingredient                                  | Mobility              |
|---|-----------------------|
| bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid | LOW (Log KOC = 51.43) |

# **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

| Waste treatment methods         | 3   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Product / Packaging<br>disposal | <ul> <li>Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.</li> <li>Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.</li> <li>Material may be disposed of by controlled burning in an approved incinerator or buried in an approved landfill.</li> <li>Prior to disposal in a landfill the material should be mixed with the other component and reacted to render the material inert.</li> </ul> |

## **SECTION 14 Transport information**

#### Labels Required

| Marine Pollutant |     |
|------------------|-----|
| HAZCHEM          | •3Z |

# Land transport (ADG)

| 14.1. UN number or ID number       | 3082   |                             |  |
|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name      | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid) |                             |  |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)   | Class<br>Subsidiary Hazard   | 9<br>Not Applicable         |  |
| 14.4. Packing group                | III  |                             |  |
| 14.5. Environmental<br>hazard      | Environmentally hazardous  |                             |  |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | Special provisions<br>Limited quantity   | 274 331 335 375 AU01<br>5 L |  |

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082

are not subject to this Code when transported by road or rail in;

(a) packagings;

(b) IBCs; or

(c) any other receptacle not exceeding 500 kg(L).

- Australian Special Provisions (SP AU01) - ADG Code 7th Ed.

# Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

| 14.1. UN number               | 3082   |
|-------------------------------|--|
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (contains bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid) |

|                                     | ICAO/IATA Class                 | 9                           |                    |  |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| 14.3. Transport hazard<br>class(es) | ICAO / IATA Subsidiary Hazard   | Not Applicable              |                    |  |
| 01400(00)                           | ERG Code                        | 9L                          |                    |  |
| 14.4. Packing group                 | Ш                               |                             |                    |  |
| 14.5. Environmental<br>hazard       | Environmentally hazardous       |                             |                    |  |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user  | Special provisions              |                             | A97 A158 A197 A215 |  |
|                                     | Cargo Only Packing Instructions |                             | 964                |  |
|                                     | Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack   |                             | 450 L              |  |
|                                     | Passenger and Cargo Packing In  | structions                  | 964                |  |
|                                     | Passenger and Cargo Maximum     | Qty / Pack                  | 450 L              |  |
|                                     | Passenger and Cargo Limited Qu  | antity Packing Instructions | Y964               |  |
|                                     | Passenger and Cargo Limited Ma  | ximum Qty / Pack            | 30 kg G            |  |

#### Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

| 14.1. UN number                    | 3082   |                          |                     |
|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|---------------------|
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name      | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid) |                          |                     |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)   | IMDG Class<br>IMDG Subsidiary Ha   | azard                    | 9<br>Not Applicable |
| 14.4. Packing group                | III  |                          |                     |
| 14.5 Environmental hazard          | Marine Pollutant   |                          |                     |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | EMS Number<br>Special provisions<br>Limited Quantities   | F-A , \$<br>274 3<br>5 L | S-F<br>35 969       |

# 14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

#### 14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

| Product name                                | Group         |
|---|---------------|
| bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid | Not Available |

## 14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

| Product name                                | Ship Type     |
|---|---------------|
| bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid | Not Available |

# **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

#### Additional Regulatory Information

#### Not Applicable

#### **National Inventory Status**

| National Inventory                                 | Status   |
|--|--|
| Australia - AIIC / Australia<br>Non-Industrial Use | Yes  |
| Canada - DSL                                       | Yes  |
| Canada - NDSL                                      | No (bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid)   |
| China - IECSC                                      | Yes  |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS /<br>NLP                   | Yes  |
| Japan - ENCS                                       | Yes  |
| Korea - KECI                                       | Yes  |
| New Zealand - NZIoC                                | Yes  |
| Philippines - PICCS                                | Yes  |
| USA - TSCA   | Yes  |
| Taiwan - TCSI                                      | Yes  |
| Mexico - INSQ                                      | Yes  |
| Vietnam - NCI                                      | Yes  |
| Russia - FBEPH                                     | Yes  |
| Legend:  | Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory<br>No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require<br>registration. |

#### **SECTION 16 Other information**

| Revision Date | 10/03/2023 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date  | 28/06/2005 |

#### **SDS Version Summary**

| Version | Date of Update | Sections Updated  |  |
|---------|----------------|---|--|
| 11.1    | 23/12/2022     | Classification review due to GHS Revision change.                     |  |
| 12.1    | 10/03/2023     | Classification change due to full database hazard calculation/update. |  |

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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TEL (+61 3) 9572 4700.

# **ITW Polymers & Fluids**

Chemwatch: 5066-46

Version No: 12.1

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements

# SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

#### **Product Identifier**

| Product name                     | PLASTIC TANK REPAIR KIT PERMATEX |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Chemical Name                    | Not Applicable                   |
| Synonyms                         | PX09100                          |
| Chemical formula                 | Not Applicable                   |
| Other means of<br>identification | Not Available                    |

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Relevant identified uses | Hardener or Part B of a 2 pack<br>epoxy adhesive   |
|--------------------------|--|
| Relevant identified uses | Requires that the two parts be mixed by hand or mixer before use, in accordance with manufacturers directions. Mix only as |
|                          | much as is required. <b>Do not</b> return the mixed material to the original containers                                    |

#### Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | ITW Polymers & Fluids                      | ITW Polymers & Fluids NZ                 |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Address                 | 100 Hassall New South Wales 2164 Australia | Unit 2/38 Trugood Drive 2013 New Zealand |
| Telephone               | +61 2 9757 8800                            | +64 9272 1940                            |
| Fax                     | Not Available                              | Not Available                            |
| Website                 | Not Available                              | Not Available                            |
| Email                   | orders@itwpf.com.au                        | info@aamtech.co.nz                       |

#### **Emergency telephone number**

| Association / Organisation        | Chemwatch       | CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Emergency telephone<br>numbers    | 1800 951 288    | +61 1800 951 288                    |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | +61 2 9186 1132 | +61 3 9573 3188                     |

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

#### **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

#### HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

| Poisons Schedule              | Not Applicable   |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Classification <sup>[1]</sup> | Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A, Sensitisation (Respiratory) Category 1 |
| Legend:                       | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 -<br>Annex VI                       |

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: 10/03/2023

Print Date: 15/03/2024

S.GHS.AUS.EN

| Hazard pictogram(s) |        |
|---------------------|--------|
|                     |        |
| Signal word         | Danger |

## Hazard statement(s)

| H315 | Causes skin irritation.  |
|------|--|
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                                       |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.   |
| H334 | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |

## Precautionary statement(s) General

| P101 | If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
|------|---|
| P102 | Keep out of reach of children.  |
| P103 | Read carefully and follow all instructions.                           |

# Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

| P261 | Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.  |
|------|--|
| P280 | Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection. |
| P284 | [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.                 |
| P264 | Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.                  |

## Precautionary statement(s) Response

| P304+P340      | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.   |
|----------------|--|
| P342+P311      | If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider.   |
| P302+P352      | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.  |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |

## Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501

Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

## **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

## **Mixtures**

| CAS No   | %[weight] | Name   |
|--|-----------|--|
| 101359-87-9  | >70       | trimethyolethane 2-hydro-3-mercaptopropoxy ether ethoxylat |
| Not Available  | <30       | epoxy curing agent mixture                                 |
| Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 -<br>Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available |           |  |

# **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

## Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact | <ul> <li>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</li> <li>Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water.</li> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally</li> </ul> |
|-------------|---|
|-------------|---|

|              | <ul> <li>lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.</li> <li>Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>   |
|--------------|--|
| Skin Contact | <ul> <li>If skin contact occurs:</li> <li>Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.</li> <li>Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>  |
| Inhalation   | <ul> <li>If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested.</li> <li>Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures.</li> <li>Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.</li> <li>Transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay.</li> </ul> |
| Ingestion    | <ul> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Seek medical advice.</li> </ul>    |

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

## Extinguishing media

- Water spray or fog.
- Alcohol stable foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- Carbon dioxide.

#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| Fire Incompatibility | Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may |
|----------------------|---|
| Fire incompatibility | result  |

## Advice for firefighters

| Fire Fighting         | <ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.</li> <li>Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.</li> </ul>   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Fire/Explosion Hazard | <ul> <li>Combustible.</li> <li>Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.</li> <li>Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.</li> <li>On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).</li> <li>Combustion products include:</li> <li>carbon dioxide (CO2)</li> <li>nitrogen oxides (NOx)</li> <li>sulfur oxides (SOx)</li> <li>hydrogen sulfide (H2S)</li> <li>other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.</li> <li>May emit poisonous fumes.</li> </ul> |
| HAZCHEM               | Not Applicable  |

## **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Minor Spills | <ul> <li>Remove all ignition sources.</li> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li> </ul> |
|--------------|--|
| Major Spills | <ul> <li>Moderate hazard.</li> <li>Clear area of personnel and move upwind.</li> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> </ul>                        |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

# **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

## Precautions for safe handling

| Safe handling     | <ul> <li>Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.</li> <li>DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin</li> </ul> |
|-------------------|--|
| Other information | <ul> <li>Store in original containers.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> <li>No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.</li> <li>Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.</li> </ul>  |

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Suitable container      | <ul> <li>Metal can or drum</li> <li>Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.</li> <li>Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.</li> </ul> |
|-------------------------|--|
| Storage incompatibility | Avoid reaction with oxidising agents   |

# **SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection**

## **Control parameters**

#### Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

#### **Emergency Limits**

| Ingredient  | TEEL-1        | TEEL-2        |               | TEEL-3        |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| PLASTIC TANK REPAIR KIT<br>PERMATEX                               | Not Available | Not Available |               | Not Available |
|   |               |               |               |               |
| Ingredient  | Original IDLH |               | Revised IDLH  |               |
| trimethyolethane 2-hydro-<br>3-mercaptopropoxy ether<br>ethoxylat | Not Available |               | Not Available |               |

| Occupational Exposure Band  | ding   |                                  |  |
|---|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Ingredient  | Occupational Exposure Band Rating  | Occupational Exposure Band Limit |  |
| trimethyolethane 2-hydro-<br>3-mercaptopropoxy ether<br>ethoxylat | D  | > 0.1 to ≤ 1 ppm                 |  |
| Notes:  | Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health. |                                  |  |

#### **Exposure controls**

| Appropriate engineering | General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. |
|-------------------------|--|
|-------------------------|--|

| controls   | Refer also to protective measures for the other component used with the product. Read both SDS before using; store and attach SDS together.   |
|--|---|
| Individual protection<br>measures, such as<br>personal protective<br>equipment |   |
| Eye and face protection  | <ul> <li>Safety glasses with side shields.</li> <li>Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent]</li> <li>Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.</li> </ul>   |
| Skin protection  | See Hand protection below   |
| Hands/feet protection  | <ul> <li>The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.</li> <li>The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice.</li> <li>Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care.</li> <li>Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.</li> <li>Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact.</li> <li>Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed.</li> </ul> |
| Body protection  | See Other protection below  |
| Other protection   | <ul> <li>Overalls.</li> <li>P.V.C apron.</li> <li>Barrier cream.</li> <li>Skin cleansing cream.</li> </ul>  |

#### **Respiratory protection**

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

## **SECTION 9** Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance                                      | Colourless to pale yellow combustible liquid with a mercaptan odour; not miscible with water. |  |                |
|---|---|--|----------------|
|   |   |  |                |
| Physical state                                  | Liquid  | Relative density (Water =<br>1)            | 1.15           |
| Odour   | Not Available   | Partition coefficient<br>n-octanol / water | Not Available  |
| Odour threshold                                 | Not Available   | Auto-ignition temperature<br>(°C)          | Not Available  |
| pH (as supplied)                                | Not Applicable  | Decomposition<br>temperature (°C)          | Not Available  |
| Melting point / freezing<br>point (°C)          | Not Available   | Viscosity (cSt)                            | Not Available  |
| Initial boiling point and<br>boiling range (°C) | Not Available   | Molecular weight (g/mol)                   | Not Applicable |
| Flash point (°C)                                | 257 (COC)   | Taste                                      | Not Available  |
| Evaporation rate                                | Not Available   | Explosive properties                       | Not Available  |
| Flammability                                    | Not Applicable  | Oxidising properties                       | Not Available  |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%)                       | Not Available   | Surface Tension (dyn/cm<br>or mN/m)        | Not Available  |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%)                       | Not Available   | Volatile Component (%vol)                  | Not Available  |
| Vapour pressure (kPa)                           | Not Available   | Gas group                                  | Not Available  |
| Solubility in water                             | Immiscible  | pH as a solution (1%)                      | Not Applicable |
| Vapour density (Air = 1)                        | Not Available   | VOC g/L                                    | Not Available  |

| Reactivity                          | See section 7  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability                  | <ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul> |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions  | See section 7  |
| Conditions to avoid                 | See section 7  |
| Incompatible materials              | See section 7  |
| Hazardous decomposition<br>products | See section 5  |

## **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

|                                     | There is some evidence to suggest that the material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage.  |   |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Ingestion                           | Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.  |   |  |
| Skin Contact                        | This material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons.<br>The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition<br>Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material |   |  |
| Eye                                 | This material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.   |   |  |
| Chronic                             | There is limited evidence that, skin contact with this p compared to the general population.   | roduct is more likely to cause a sensitisation reaction in some persons |  |
|                                     |  |   |  |
| PLASTIC TANK REPAIR                 | TOXICITY   | IRRITATION  |  |
| PLASTIC TANK REPAIR<br>KIT PERMATEX | TOXICITY<br>Not Available  | IRRITATION<br>Not Available   |  |
| KIT PERMATEX                        |  |   |  |
|                                     | Not Available  | Not Available   |  |

| Acute Toxicity    | ×   | Carcinogenicity                         | ×   |  |
|-------------------|---|---|---|--|
|                   |   |   |   |  |
|                   | Exogenous allergic alveolitis is induced essentially<br>reactions (T lymphocytes) may be involved. Such                           | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |   |  |
|                   | Attention should be paid to atopic diathesis, chara   | acterised by increased susceptibil      | ity to nasal inflammation, asthma and eczem |  |
|                   | interactions with proteins.   |   |   |  |
| ETHER ETHOXYLAT   | genetically more prone than others, and exposure to other irritants may aggravate symptoms. Allergy causing activity is due to    |   |   |  |
| 3-MERCAPTOPROPOXY | rapidly. Allergic potential of the allergen and period of exposure often determine the severity of symptoms. Some people may be   |   |   |  |
| 2-HYDRO-          | Allergic reactions involving the respiratory tract are usually due to interactions between IgE antibodies and allergens and occur |   |   |  |
| TRIMETHYOLETHANE  | skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions.   |   |   |  |
|                   | pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic       |   |   |  |
|                   | Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The                |   |   |  |
|                   | The following information refers to contact allerge   | ns as a group and may not be sp         | ecific to this product.                     |  |
|                   | Typical proprietary mercaptan polymer :   |   |   |  |

| Acute Toxicity   | × | Carcinogenicity          | ×   |
|--|---|--------------------------|---|
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion  | × | Reproductivity           | ×   |
| Serious Eye<br>Damage/Irritation   | × | STOT - Single Exposure   | ×   |
| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation  | × | STOT - Repeated Exposure | ×   |
| Mutagenicity   | × | Aspiration Hazard        | ×   |
| Legend: X – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification |   |                          | able or does not fill the criteria for classification |

Data available to make classification

# **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

|                                      | Endpoint         | Test Duration (hr) | Species       | Value            | Source           |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|
| PLASTIC TANK REPAIR<br>KIT PERMATEX  | Not<br>Available | Not Available      | Not Available | Not<br>Available | Not<br>Available |
| rimethyolethane 2-hydro-             | Endpoint         | Test Duration (hr) | Species       | Value            | Source           |
| 3-mercaptopropoxy ether<br>ethoxylat | Not<br>Available | Not Available      | Not Available | Not<br>Available | Not<br>Available |

#### DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

#### Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil               | Persistence: Air                      |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|            | No Data available for all ingredients | No Data available for all ingredients |  |

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation                       |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|            | No Data available for all ingredients |  |

## Mobility in soil

| Ingredient | Mobility                              |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|            | No Data available for all ingredients |  |

#### **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

| Waste treatment methods         |   |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Product / Packaging<br>disposal | <ul> <li>Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.</li> <li>Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.</li> <li>Material may be disposed of by controlled burning in an approved incinerator or buried in an approved landfill.</li> <li>Prior to disposal in a landfill the material should be mixed with the other component and reacted to render the material inert.</li> </ul> |  |

## **SECTION 14 Transport information**

# Labels Required

| Marine Pollutant | NO             |
|------------------|----------------|
| HAZCHEM          | Not Applicable |

# Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

# Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

# Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

# 14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

# 14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

| Product name  | Group         |
|---|---------------|
| trimethyolethane 2-hydro-<br>3-mercaptopropoxy ether<br>ethoxylat | Not Available |

#### 14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

| Product name  | Ship Type     |
|---|---------------|
| trimethyolethane 2-hydro-<br>3-mercaptopropoxy ether<br>ethoxylat | Not Available |

#### **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

trimethyolethane 2-hydro-3-mercaptopropoxy ether ethoxylat is found on the following regulatory lists

Not Applicable

#### Additional Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

#### **National Inventory Status**

| National Inventory                                 | Status   |  |
|--|--|--|
| Australia - AIIC / Australia<br>Non-Industrial Use | No (trimethyolethane 2-hydro-3-mercaptopropoxy ether ethoxylat)  |  |
| Canada - DSL                                       | No (trimethyolethane 2-hydro-3-mercaptopropoxy ether ethoxylat)  |  |
| Canada - NDSL                                      | No (trimethyolethane 2-hydro-3-mercaptopropoxy ether ethoxylat)  |  |
| China - IECSC                                      | Yes  |  |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS /<br>NLP                   | No (trimethyolethane 2-hydro-3-mercaptopropoxy ether ethoxylat)  |  |
| Japan - ENCS                                       | Yes  |  |
| Korea - KECI                                       | Yes  |  |
| New Zealand - NZIoC                                | Yes  |  |
| Philippines - PICCS                                | No (trimethyolethane 2-hydro-3-mercaptopropoxy ether ethoxylat)  |  |
| USA - TSCA   | No (trimethyolethane 2-hydro-3-mercaptopropoxy ether ethoxylat)  |  |
| Taiwan - TCSI                                      | Yes  |  |
| Mexico - INSQ                                      | No (trimethyolethane 2-hydro-3-mercaptopropoxy ether ethoxylat)  |  |
| Vietnam - NCI                                      | Yes  |  |
| Russia - FBEPH                                     | No (trimethyolethane 2-hydro-3-mercaptopropoxy ether ethoxylat)  |  |
| Legend:  | Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory<br>No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require<br>registration. |  |

#### **SECTION 16 Other information**

| Revision Date | 10/03/2023 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date  | 28/06/2005 |

#### **SDS Version Summary**

| Version | Date of Update | Sections Updated  |
|---------|----------------|---|
| 11.1    | 23/12/2022     | Classification review due to GHS Revision change.                     |
| 12.1    | 10/03/2023     | Classification change due to full database hazard calculation/update. |

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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